

Proposed Treatment Acres	Scoping	Draft EIS Alternative 2	Modified Alternative 2	Modified Alternative 3
Salvage Harvest for Fire Risk Reduction (Gross Unit Size)	18,830	11,541	9,463	6,895
Net Salvage Harvest Proposed¹	11,254	6,810	5,912	5,740
Roadside Hazard Evaluated²	N/A	20,499	16,005	14,322
Concentrated Roadside Hazard Treatment Areas³	N/A	1,422	1,293	1,330
Scattered Roadside Hazard Treatment Areas⁴	N/A	3,658	2,933	2,838
Hazardous Fuels Treatments	11,410	23,438	22,313	24,451
Fuels Management Zone (Ridgetop Fuel Breaks)	N/A	6,019	4,889	5,005
Wildland Urban Interface Fuels Reduction	N/A	2,223	2,234	2,628
Roadside Fuels	N/A	4,431	4,424	5,634
Prescribed Burn	N/A	10,765	10,765	11,183
Site Preparation, Planting, and Release (within plantations and natural stands)	21,830	7,907	7,706	7,367

¹Net salvage harvest excludes Riparian Reserves, snag retention areas, and areas with less than 50% mortality. Live trees (those with greater than 70% probability of survival) within units are leave-tree marked for retention and will not be harvested. Most patches where more than 50% of the trees are alive (RAVG 1 and 2) have been flagged out of stands in Alternative 3 Modified. Significant mortality continues to occur in stands that were 25-50% mortality (RAVG 2) at the time the RAVG data was generated last fall so RAVG mapping in GIS may no longer reflect on-the-ground conditions.

²Net Roadside Hazard treatments were estimated using GIS analysis.

³The vast majority of trees to be harvested are planned in forested areas of high or moderate severity with generally larger blocks of tree mortality. Approximate acres of concentrated treatments were determined by including only forested areas (>10" in DBH) of moderate or high fire severity outside of salvage harvest units and plantations.

⁴Approximate acres of scattered treatments were determined by including only forested areas (>10" in DBH) of low or very low fire severity inside or outside of salvage harvest units.